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From Saturday March 19, to Tuesday March 22, 1747.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 22d Day of *March*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS in purſuance of the Powers veſted in his Majeſty by an Act paſſed in the Nineteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, to enable his Majeſty to make Rules, Orders and Regulations more effectually to prevent the ſpreading of the Diſtemper which now rages amongſt the Horned Cattle in this Kingdom, under the Penalties thereby inflicted; which Act is explained and continued by another Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of the laſt Parliament; His Majeſty hath thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, to make and eſtabliſh, from Time to Time, ſuch Rules, Orders and Regulations as were judged to be the moſt proper and effectual to put a Stop to the ſaid Diſtemper: And whereas his Majeſty was pleaſed by his Order in Council of the 8th of September laſt, to require and direct, (amongſt other Things) That a Prohibition ſhould be laid on the Buying, Selling and Removing of all lean Horned Cattle in that Part of this Kingdom called England, for the Space of three Calendar Months, which Prohibition has been ſince continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Orders, and is ſtill in Force: And whereas it hath been repreſented to his Majeſty, That for the better enabling his Subjects to ſtock their Grounds with a freſh Supply of Cattle, it will be expedient at this Seaſon of the Year, to permit lean Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, to be driven, removed, bought and ſold; His Majeſty taking the ſame into his Conſideration, and being deſirous to comply with every Thing that may be for the Eaſe and Convenience of his Subjects, as far as the preſent Circumſtances of the ſaid Diſtemper will permit, hath therefore thought fit, and doth, by this his Order in his Privy Council, declare and order, That the ſeveral Rules and Regulations relating to the Diſtemper'd Cattle now ſubſiſting, and which will expire on the 24th of this Inſtant March, be continued and remain in full Force from the ſaid 24th of this Inſtant March, to the 8th Day of April next, and no longer; and that all the ſaid Rules and Regulations do from thenceforth ceaſe and determine: And his Majeſty doth hereby eſtabliſh in Lieu thereof, the following Rules, Orders and Regulations, to be obſerved and obeyed from the ſaid 8th Day of April next, by all his Majeſty's Subjects, as they will anſwer the contrary; Provided nevertheleſs that nothing herein contained ſhall extend to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have been guilty of any Offence or Offences againſt any of the ſaid former Orders of Council, during the Time of their Continuance in Force, from the Penalties inflicted by the ſaid Acts.

That all Cowkeepers, Farmers and Owners of any Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, do, as ſoon as any of the ſaid Cattle ſhall appear to have Signs or Marks of the ſaid Diſtemper, immediately remove ſuch Cattle to ſome Place diſtant from the Reſt, and cauſe the ſame to be ſhot dead, or otherwiſe killed, (with as little Effuſion of Blood as may be) and the Bodies to be buried with the Skins and Horns on, within Twenty-four Hours at fartheſt, from and after the ſaid Cattle were firſt reſpectively ſeized with the ſaid Diſtemper, at leaſt four Feet deep, and the Earth covered in, having firſt cut and ſlaſhed the Hides from Head to Tail, and in other Parts of the Body, ſo as to render the ſame of no Uſe; and in caſe any ſuch Cattle ſhall happen to die, that they do bury the Bodies thereof, and cut and ſlaſh their Hides in the Manner above-mentioned, within the Space of Eight Hours at moſt after ſuch Death.

That the Overſeers of the Poor in every Pariſh, Townſhip or Place throughout the Kingdom

[Price Six-pence.]

dom where the Infection now is, do, on or before the 8th Day of April next, give or ſend Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of the County within which ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place lies, that the Infection is in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip or Place: — And that the Overſeers of the Poor in every Pariſh, Townſhip or Place, where the Diſtemper ſhall hereafter happen to appear, do ſend the like Notice in Writing within five Days at fartheſt after the firſt Appearance of the ſaid Diſtemper in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip or Place.

That if the Diſtemper ſhall happen to come into any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in any County or Counties, near to the Confines of any other County or Counties, the Overſeers of the Poor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, do ſend Notice thereof in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of ſuch County as ſhall reach to, within the Diſtance of three Miles of ſuch infected Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place.

That the Clerk of the Peace do forthwith ſend Copies of the Notice he ſhall ſo receive from the Overſeers of the Poor, to the chief Magiſtrate, or where there ſhall be none, to the Overſeers of the Poor of every Market Town within his County, as alſo to every High Conſtable within the ſaid County.

That ſuch chief Magiſtrate, or Overſeers of the Poor in every Market Town, ſhall affix a Paper upon the Market Houſe, or ſome other more publick Place in the Town, containing the Names of all the infected Places in that County which have been notified to him by the Clerk of the Peace, and of the Pariſhes within which ſuch reſpective Places ſhall lie, and ſhall alſo proclaim, or cauſe the ſame to be proclaimed in open Market every Market Day.

And for the better preventing Perſons from driving Cattle near any infected Place, every High Conſtable do affix a Paper in ſome convenient and viſible Place on every High Road within his Diviſion, containing the Names of all the infected Places in that County which have been notified to him by the Clerk of the Peace, and of the Pariſhes within which ſuch reſpective Places ſhall lie, and do from Time to Time renew the ſame, as ſuch Paper ſhall be obliterated or effaced by the Weather, or any other Accident.

That when the Diſtemper ſhall have ceaſed in any one Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for the Space of Forty Days, the Miniſter and Overſeers of the Poor of ſuch Pariſh ſhall ſign a Certificate ſignifying the ſame; which Certificate ſhall be lodged with the Clerk of the Peace, who ſhall forthwith give Notice thereof to ſuch chief Magiſtrate or Overſeers of the Poor in each Market Town, and to each of the High Conſtables, who ſhall forthwith ſtrike out the Name of ſuch Place ſo certified for, from the Liſt of infected Places ſo directed to be affixed up as aforeſaid.

That no Perſon do drive or remove, or cauſe to be driven or removed, any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, whether fat or lean, that ſhall be within the Compaſs of one Mile of any infected Place, unleſs from one Paſture to another, or to Water, or for the Purpoſe of ſlaughtering ſuch Cattle, and ſhall not, on any Pretence whatſoever, remove ſuch Cattle further than one Mile from ſuch infected Place.

That with Regard to ſuch Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, as ſhall be out of the Diſtance of one Mile from any infected Place, that they ſhall not be driven beyond the Diſtance of five Miles without having firſt obtained a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax qualified to act herein, ſpecifying the Colours of the Beaſts, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners, as alſo the Name or Names of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall drive the ſame; and that on Examination upon Oath of one or more credible Perſon or Perſons, it appeared to him or them, that the ſaid Cattle, and the Herd or Herds out of which the ſame was or were taken, was or were at that Time, and had been for the Space of Forty Days before the Date of ſuch Certificate, entirely free from the ſaid Diſtemper or Infection, and that the ſaid Cattle have not, to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief, been within one Mile of any infected Place; which Certificate the Perſon or Perſons buying ſuch Cattle ſhall produce to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall demand to ſee the ſame.

That as often as any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, ſhall paſs from one County or Riding to another County or Riding, the Perſon or Perſons driving the ſame ſhall apply to the firſt Juſtice of the Peace, or Commiſſioner of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, in each County or Riding, and ſhall produce the Certificate or Certificates which have been granted to him in every County through which he has paſſed, to ſuch Juſtice or Commiſſioner, which Juſtice or Commiſſioner ſhall, upon View thereof, and examining the Party upon Oath touching the Reality of ſuch Certificate or Certificates, and the Identity and Health of the Cattle, and to their not having paſſed nearer to any infected Place than one Mile, grant him a new Certificate: And that all Cattle driven contrary hereto, ſhall be ſtopped on the Spot, and the Driver or Drivers thereof ſhall be forthwith carried before the next Juſtice of the Peace, to be puniſhed as the aforementioned Act of Parliament directs.

If any Perſon ſhall in his Way or Paſſage through any County, drive any Cattle as aforeſaid within the Diſtance of one Mile of an infected Place, the ſaid Cattle ſhall be ſtopped, and not permitted to be removed from the Place where they ſhall be ſo ſtopped beyond the Diſtance of three Miles, without particular Leave obtained for that Purpoſe from two Juſtices of the Peace of the Quorum, who before granting

ſuch

ſuch Leave ſhall receive full Proof of the Health of ſuch Cattle.

If any Cattle ſhall be ſtopped, and afterwards conveyed away without obtaining ſuch Leave as is before directed, the Conſtable of the Townſhip where the ſaid Cattle were ſtopped, or where they ſhall be kept, ſhall be obliged to purſue the ſaid Cattle with all Expedition; and if they be out of the Conſtablewick before he can overtake them, he ſhall give Notice to the next Conſtable of the Road they have taken; and if the next Conſtable cannot overtake them, he ſhall give Notice to the Conſtable of the next adjoining Pariſh, and ſo on till they are overtaken, or till they are out of the County; and if they eſcape out of the County, the laſt Conſtable of that County where they were ſtopped, ſhall give Notice to the next Conſtable of the adjoining County, who ſhall be obliged likewiſe to purſue the ſaid Cattle, and give Notice to the next Conſtable; which Method ſhall be continued till the ſaid Cattle are overtaken and ſtopped, and which Cattle are to be treated as having been within one Mile of an Infected Place.

That no Perſon do buy, ſell, or expoſe, or offer to Sale, or cauſe to be bought, ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, in any Fair or Market, or any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called England, or ſhall bring or ſend, or cauſe to be brought or ſent to any Fair, Market or Town, Pariſh or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called England, any Raw Hide or Skin of any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, unleſs the Owner or Owners of ſuch Hide or Skin ſhall deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, to the Clerk of the Market, or elſe to ſome Conſtable, Church-warden, Overſeer of the Poor, or ſuch other Perſon as ſhall be appointed by the Juſtices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, as the Caſe ſhall happen to be, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, ſpecifying the Colours of the ſaid Hides and Skins, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners of ſuch Hides and Skins; and that upon Examination on the Oath of one or more credible Perſon or Perſons, it appeared to him or them, that the Beaſts from which ſuch Hides or Skins were taken, were ſound and free from Infection; and that upon Sale of ſuch Hide or Skin, the Clerk of the Market, Conſtable, Church-warden, Overſeer of the Poor, or other Officer receiving ſuch Certificate as aforeſaid, ſhall either make an Endorſement thereon, that the ſaid Hides or Skins deſcribed as in the ſaid Certificate is ſpecified, were ſold in ſuch Fair, Market, Town, or other Place, and deliver the ſame to the Buyer, or elſe grant him a new Certificate to the ſame Purpoſe. And that ſuch Hide or Skin ſhall not be bought or ſold a ſecond Time without ſuch Certificate; and this Method to be repeated upon every ſubſequent Sale of ſuch Hide or Skin; and that no ſuch Hide or Skin be ſuffered to be carried Coaſtwiſe, without producing ſuch Certificate to the Officers of the Cuſtoms, at the reſpective Places where they ſhall be ſhipped, as likewiſe at the Places where they ſhall be landed.

And in Caſe any Hide or Skin ſhall hereafter be brought, ſent, or cauſed to be brought, ſent or bought, ſold, or expoſed or offered to Sale, contrary to this his Majeſty's Order of Council, that then ſuch Hide or Skin ſhall be cut, ſlaſhed, and buried in the ſame Manner as is herein before required to be done, with reſpect to the Hides or Skins of the Cattle that ſhall be killed.

And his Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly charge and command, that no Perſon do preſume to alter or counterfeit any Certificate already granted or hereafter to be granted, for the Removing, Driving, or Sale of any ſuch Beaſt, Hide, or Skin as aforeſaid, or to ſell or cauſe to be ſold, or expoſe or offer to Sale, any Beaſt, Hide, or Skin with ſuch Certificate ſo altered or counterfeited, upon Pain of being ſtrictly proſecuted for the ſaid Offence.

That the Church-wardens, Overſeers of the Poor, Conſtables, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed by the Juſtices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, or ſome or one of them, do ſtop any Cattle which ſhall be driven, or any Hides or Skins that ſhall be carried contrary to this Order, or to the ſaid Acts of Parliament, and carry the Offender or Offenders before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, to be puniſhed according to the aforeſaid Act.

And for the better preventing the Spreading of the ſaid Diſtemper by the holding Fairs and Markets, or other publick Places for Sale of Cattle, his Majeſty doth, by this his Order in his Privy Council, hereby authorize and empower the Juſtices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Seſſions, or at any Adjournment thereof within their reſpective Counties, to put a Stop to the Buying and Selling of any of the ſaid Sorts of Cattle in any Fairs, Markets, or any other publick Place of Sale, where they ſhall apprehend the holding thereof may be attended with the Danger of Spreading the ſaid Diſtemper.

And his Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly forbid the ſending, driving or removing, or cauſing to be ſent, driven or removed, any ſuch Cattle to any Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale ſo prohibited; and the ſaid Juſtices in their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized and required to cauſe ſuch publick

publick Notice to be given of the putting a Stop to ſuch Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale as aforeſaid, as they ſhall think reaſonable; and the Day to be ſo appointed by them for the ceaſing thereof, ſhall be the Time from which the ſame ſhall be deemed to be prohibited: And they are likewiſe to iſſue their Orders to the chief Conſtable or Headborough of the Hundred, Lathe, Rape or Wapentake, and to the Petty Conſtables of the reſpective Pariſhes within the ſame, to prevent the holding ſuch Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall preſume to drive, remove or ſend, or cauſe to be driven, removed or ſent, any ſuch Cattle to ſuch Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale, contrary to the Orders ſo iſſued in that Behalf, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall be carried before ſome Neighbouring Juſtice to be dealt with according to Law.

That no Perſon or Perſons do buy, ſell, or expoſe, or offer to Sale, or cauſe to be bought, ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, the Whole or any Part of the Hide, Milk, Carcaſs, Fleſh, Fat or Intrails of any infected Beaſt, or feed or cauſe to be fed any Hog, Calf, Lamb, or any other Animal therewith.

That no Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, either fat or lean, ſhall be driven or removed, but between the Hours of Four in the Morning and Eight at Night.

And his Majeſty doth hereby further order, That no Perſon do preſume, either by refuſing to ſtop his Cattle, by making Reſiſtance, by privately conveying away ſuch Cattle after they are ſtopped, or by any other Means whatſoever, to obſtruct any Conſtable, Church-warden, Overſeer of the Poor, or other Perſon to be appointed by the Juſtices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof as aforeſaid, in the Execution of the Powers or Directions given, or to be given, in purſuance of this Order; and that whoſoever ſhall diſobey any of the Rules, Orders, or Regulations appointed by this his Majeſty's Order of Council, ſhall be ſtrictly proſecuted for the Penalty inflicted by the ſaid Act; and in caſe any chief Magiſtrates in Market Towns, High Conſtables, Clerks of the Peace, Church-wardens, Overſeers, Conſtables, and other Perſon or Perſons to be appointed by the Juſtices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, ſhall be guilty of any Neglect or Failure of his or their Duty, in all or any of the Matters hereby required of them, that they be liable to the Penalties inflicted by the ſaid Act, and be proſecuted for the ſame.

And his Majeſty doth hereby impower and require the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſeveral Counties and Ridings, at their reſpective General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, to appoint one or more Perſon or Perſons, with proper Salaries, to inſpect the Houſes, Buildings, Grounds and Cattle within the reſpective Diviſions in each County and Riding, where any Infection now is or hereafter ſhall appear to be, or be likely to come; and to do every other Thing according to this Order: — And the ſaid Juſtices are likewiſe hereby empowered at ſuch General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, to make ſuch Rules and Regulations for putting an End to, and preventing the Spreading of the ſaid Infection, as ſhall be adapted to the particular Exigencies of each County, ſo that the ſame be not contradictory to this preſent Order, and to give all proper and neceſſary Inſtructions to the Conſtables, Churchwardens, Overſeers, and other Perſon or Perſons to be appointed by them as aforeſaid, and to do whatever elſe ſhall be neceſſary to render this Order moſt effectual: And do cauſe all Expences attending the Execution of this Service, to be provided for out of the County Rates, or County Stock; and they are hereby required to tranſmit to his Majeſty's Privy Council, from Time to Time, a particular Account of their Proceedings, as they will anſwer the contrary.

And for the more effectual carrying into Execution the Rules Orders and Regulations herein contained, in thoſe Counties where the Diſtemper now is, that the ſaid Juſtices do ſubdivide and diſtribute themſelves, in order to meet in leſs Numbers, in ſuch Parts and Places as ſhall be moſt uſeful, and do meet once a Fortnight at leaſt, ſo long as the Infection continues either within the County, or in the Neighbourhood thereof, to receive Accounts from the Church-wardens and other Officers aforementioned, of what they ſhall do from Time to Time, in Purſuance of this Order, and ſuch Inſtructions as ſhall be given them as aforeſaid; to hear Complaints, and puniſh Offenders againſt theſe Rules, Orders and Regulations, and that they do lay an Account thereof before the next General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, that the ſaid General or Quarter Seſſion may be the better enabled to tranſmit a full Account of every Thing that ſhall be done herein to his Majeſty's Privy Council, as before directed.

And his Majeſty doth further ſtrictly command all Conſtables, Churchwardens and Overſeers of the Poor, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed by the Juſtices at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, as ſoon as they ſhall know, or be informed, that any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, within their reſpective Diſtricts, are infected, to go to and take an exact Account of the Number and Sorts of ſuch Cattle in the Poſſeſſion of any Perſon, diſtinguiſhing the Infected from ſuch as are not ſo, and to repeat thoſe Accounts weekly, and to ſee that the infected Cattle be killed as aforeſaid,

ſaid, or otherwiſe to kill or cauſe them to be killed, removed and buried, according to the above-mentioned Rules, and likewiſe to ſee that all other the beforemention'd Rules, Orders and Regulations, and ſuch Directions as ſhall be given from Time to Time by the ſaid Juſtices at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, be punctually performed and obey'd, and that they do, from time to time, tranſmit to the Juſtices at ſuch their Meetings, an exact Account of all that they ſhall do, or cauſe to be done in Purſuance of this Order, and likewiſe of all Neglects or Breaches thereof, and proſecute the Offenders therein before any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, for the Penalty inflicted by the ſaid Acts, and that they do take an exact Account of all ſuch Cattle as ſhall be killed as aforeſaid, either by them or by the Owners, in Purſuance of the aforeſaid Regulations, and tranſmit the ſame to the ſaid Juſtices at their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, together with the true and real Values of ſuch Cattle, as do not exceed the reſpective Sums of Forty Shillings each for all but Calves, and Five Shillings reſpectively for Calves, at the reſpective Times immediately before they were infected; and that they take particular Care, that the Owners do divide their Cattle into as many ſmall Parcels as their Ground will admit of, and at ſome reaſonable Diſtance from each other, and that they do carefully gather or cauſe to be gathered up the Dung of all infected Cattle, and that the ſame be buried deep under Ground.

And for encouraging the Owners of ſuch Infected Cattle to pay ſtrict Obedience to this Order, his Majeſty doth hereby promiſe, That they ſhall be paid by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for every ſuch infected Beaſt which ſhall be killed and buried according to the ſaid Rules within twenty four Hours at fartheſt from and after the ſaid Cattle were firſt reſpectively ſeized with the ſaid Diſtemper, one Moiety, or half the Value of ſuch Cattle, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings for each of the ſaid Sorts, excepting Calves, and not exceeding Five Shillings for each Calf, the Numbers, Values, and Conformities to the above-mentioned Rules to be aſcertained by the Oaths of one Conſtable, Church-warden, Overſeer, or other Perſon to be appointed by the Juſtices as aforeſaid; or in caſe the ſame cannot be had, of ſome other credible Witneſs, and alſo of the Owner or Owners thereof, if the ſame can be had, or otherwiſe of the Herdſman, or other Servant of ſuch Owner or Owners, having Charge of the ſaid Cattle, to be taken before his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace at their General Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof; which Juſtices, or any two of them, ſhall at ſuch Seſſion certify under their Hands the Sums of Money which ſuch Owners ſhall appear to their Satisfaction intitled to, by Virtue of this Order for infected Beaſts killed, ſlaſhed, and buried; and when any Owner or Owners of infected Cattle apply to ſuch Juſtices in their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, to obtain ſuch Certificate, the ſaid Juſtices are carefully to enquire upon Oath, at what Time the Symptoms of the ſaid Diſtemper firſt appeared upon the ſaid Cattle reſpectively, when they were reſpectively killed, and when reſpectively buried, and where and how deep, and whether the Earth was covered over them, and when, and to have the ſame verified upon the Oath of the Owner or Owners of the ſaid Cattle, if the ſame can be had, or otherwiſe of the Herdſman, or other Servant of ſuch Owner or Owners having Charge of the ſaid Cattle, and alſo of the Perſon or Perſons to be appointed by the Juſtices as aforeſaid, or Pariſh Officer who viſited the ſaid Cattle; and where there was no ſuch Perſon or Pariſh Officer, of a credible Witneſs. And as to ſuch of the ſaid Cattle as ſhall not, upon ſuch Examination, appear to have been killed and buried within twenty four Hours at fartheſt from and after the ſaid Cattle were firſt reſpectively ſeized with the ſaid Diſtemper, at leaſt four Feet deep, and the Earth covered in, that no Certificate be granted for ſuch Cattle as killed and buried purſuant to the Directions of this Order: And as to ſuch Cattle as upon the aforeſaid Enquiry and Examination ſhall appear to have been killed, buried, and covered in within the Times afore-mentioned, the ſaid Juſtices, in their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, are hereby required to mention in every Certificate they ſhall grant for infected Cattle killed and buried, that ſuch Examination has been made on Oath touching the Time the ſaid Cattle were firſt ſeized with the ſaid Diſtemper, and the Time of their being killed and buried, according to the Form and Manner following, viz.

* The Owner, or if he cannot be had, the Herdſman or other Servant having Charge of the Cattle.

† If the Oath be made by the Servant [the Cattle of this Deponent's Maſter]

‖ The Name of the Perſon to whom Notice was given, viz. The Perſon appointed by the Juſtices or a Pariſh Officer; or, if one of them cannot be had,—a credible Witneſs.

A. B. * *of the Pariſh of in the County of maketh Oath, that on the Days of laſt, a contagious Diſtemper appeared amongſt his* † *Horned Cattle, in his Grounds in the Pariſh of in the County of and that as ſoon as the ſaid Diſtemper appeared, he gave Notice to* ‖ *of the ſaid Pariſh, and cauſed the ſaid Cattle ſo infected, to be removed diſtant from any Cattle not infected, and did on the Days and Times hereunder mentioned, cauſe the ſaid Cattle to be killed with as little Effuſion of Blood as poſſible, and buried with the Skin and Horns on, in the Earth at leaſt four Feet in Depth above their Bodies, and the Earth covered over them of that Depth, at the Times hereunder likewiſe mentioned, having firſt cut and ſlaſhed their Hides from Head to Tail, and in ſeveral other Parts of the Body, ſo as to render the ſame of no Uſe, and that the ſaid Cattle were, immediately before they were infected, of the reſpective Values hereunder likewiſe mentioned. And this Deponent further ſaith, That the Schedule hereunder written contains a juſt and true Account of the ſaid Cattle ſo killed, of the Times when the Symptoms of the ſaid Diſtemper firſt appeared upon them, when they were reſpectively killed, when reſpectively buried, and where and how deep, and the Value of them reſpectively before they were infected. Sworn the Day of* 1748. *before me*

The Schedule to which the above Affidavit doth refer.

The Number and Sort of Cattle killed and buried.	When the Symptoms of the Diſtemper firſt appeared.	When they were killed and buried.	Place where and how deep.	Their real Value before infected.	Allowance.

* The Perſon appointed by the Juſtices, or any Pariſh Officer; or, if one of them cannot be had, a credible Witneſs.

† The Owner or Servant.

‖ If the former Oath be made by the Servant [the Horned Cattle of the ſaid his Maſter]

* *A. B. of the Pariſh of in the County of maketh Oath, that he was on the Day of ſent for by the above-named* † *on Account of the Diſtemper appearing amongſt* [*his* ‖ *Cattle*] *and this Deponent went accordingly, and was preſent, and did ſee the ſeveral Cattle above-mentioned, which appeared to be infected with the contagious Diſtemper, reſpectively killed and buried at the Times and Places above alſo mentioned, and that they were reſpectively buried four Feet deep in the Earth with their Skins and Horns on, and the Earth of that Depth covered over them, their Hides being firſt cut and ſlaſhed from Head to Tail, and in ſeveral other Parts of the Body, ſo as to render the ſame of no Uſe, and that they were of the reſpective Values above-mentioned before they were infected, as this Deponent verily believes. Sworn the Day of before me*

To

To the Right Honourable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury.

To wit. *WE his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace aſſembled in the Quarter [or General] Seſſions of the Peace held this Day of at in and for the County of do hereby certify, That it appears to us, as well upon the Oath of the above-named the Owner * of the Cattle above-mentioned, as upon the Oath of † of the ſaid Pariſh, that the ſeveral Cattle above-mentioned were firſt ſeized with the contagious Diſtemper, and were killed with as little Effuſion of Blood as poſſible, and their Hides cut and ſlaſhed from Head to Tail, and in ſeveral other Parts of the Body, ſo as to render the ſame of no Uſe, and buried with their Skins and Horns on, at leaſt four Feet in Depth in the Earth above their Bodies, and the Earth of that Depth covered over them, at the ſeveral Times, and were of the reſpective Values before they were infected, as are particularly mentioned in the above Schedule; and that it appears to our Satisfaction that the ſeveral Cattle above-mentioned were killed and buried within twenty four Hours after the ſaid Diſtemper firſt appeared upon them, and that the ſaid ‡ hath, with reſpect to the ſaid Cattle, conformed himſelf in all Things to his Majeſty's ſaid Order in Council of the 22d of March 1747, and therefore appears to our Satisfaction to be entituled to the Sum of for the ſaid Cattle ſo killed and buried as aforeſaid. Given under our Hands this Day of 1748.*

* If the Owner cannot be had, the Herdſman or other Servant of the Owner having the Charge of the Cattle.

† The Conſtable, Church-warden, Overſeer, or Perſon appointed by the Juſtices, or if one of them cannot be had, —a credible Witneſs; but in the laſt Caſe the Certificate to mention no other was to be had.

‡ The Owner of the Cattle.

That before the ſaid Juſtices do grant any ſuch Certificates for the Payment of the ſaid Recompence, they do ſtrictly examine whether all the Rules and Regulations contained in this preſent Order have been in all Reſpects duly complied with, and if upon ſuch Examination they ſhall have juſt Cauſe to apprehend, that the Perſons applying for ſuch Certificates have been guilty of Diſobedience to any Part or Parts of the Rules and Regulations herein contained, that then they do refuſe granting any ſuch Certificate.

That the Clerk of the Peace attending ſuch General or Quarter Seſſion, or Adjournment thereof, do, within the Space of one Week after the ſaid Seſſions is over or adjourned, tranſmit a Liſt or Liſts of all ſuch Certificates as have been granted and ſigned during that Seſſion, mentioning the Date of each Certificate, the Name and Place of Reſidence of the Perſon or Perſons to whom granted, and the Amount of the Allowance or Allowances in each Certificate, To John Sharpe, Eſq; the Sollicitor of his Majeſty's Treaſury, at his Chambers N° 11. in Lincoln's Inn, or to Mr. Richard Wright, his Aſſiſtant, at his Chambers N° 3. in Staples Inn, Holborn, for their Guidance, and as a Cheque in the Payment of the Rewards due on ſuch Certificates; and to the End that theſe Directions may have their intended Effect, it is hereby further ordered, That the ſaid Recompence ſhall not be paid upon any ſuch Certificates until fourteen Days after ſuch Liſt or Liſts ſhall be received by the ſaid Sollicitor of the Treaſury, or his ſaid Aſſiſtant; nor no Recompence paid by the ſaid Sollicitor, or his ſaid Aſſiſtant, but ſuch only as are included in the ſaid Liſts.

And his Majeſty doth hereby further order and command, That the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace do grant the ſaid Certificates gratis, purſuant to the Directions of the Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of the laſt Parliament; and that they do not ſuffer the Clerk of the Peace, or any others, under any Pretence whatſoever, to take any Fee or Reward for making out ſuch Certificates or Liſts as before directed, or for any Acts done in Relation thereto; and that neither ſuch Clerks of the Peace, nor any other Perſon or Perſons any way employed or concerned in the iſſuing ſuch Certificates, do preſume to ask, demand, receive or take any Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Sum of Money whatſoever, under Pretence of making out ſuch Certificates or Liſts, or for any Act or Thing done in Relation thereto; and that the like Directions be obſerved by the Juſtices of the Peace, and Commiſſioners of the Land Tax, and their Clerks, in granting all other Certificates required to be given by this preſent Order relating to the Diſtemper'd Cattle.

And his Majeſty doth hereby require all his Juſtices of the Peace, and Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, the chief Magiſtrates in Market Towns, Church-wardens, Overſeers, Conſtables, and other Perſons to be appointed

appointed by the Juſtices in their General or Quarter Seſſion, or an Adjournment thereof, to be careful and diligent in cauſing all the Rules, Orders, and Regulations aforementioned, to be ſtrictly obſerved and carried into due Execution; and that all Farmers, Cowkeepers, and others, do conform themſelves thereto.

And whereas the Lords of his Majeſty's Privy Council did, by their Order on the Twenty-fifth of November, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five, nominate and appoint certain Juſtices of the Peace to take due Order and Care, in relation to the infected Cattle in the County of Middleſex, by purſuing the ſame Methods that were uſed in the Year 1714, which Juſtices have appointed Inſpectors or Surveyors, and have from Time to Time reported to the Lords of his Majeſty's Privy Council therein.—And whereas it will create a great and unneceſſary Expence if the Juſtices of the Peace ſhould appoint particular Inſpectors for every Diviſion in the ſaid County of Middleſex, his Majeſty doth therefore hereby require and command, that the Juſtices named in the ſaid Order do proceed in the Execution of the ſame, and do likewiſe put in Execution this his Majeſty's Order of Council within the County of Middleſex.

And his Majeſty doth hereby recommend it to all Cowkeepers, Farmers, and other Perſons, that they do cauſe all the Hay which ſuch infected Cattle have breathed upon, and all the Hay, Straw or Litter that they have touched, or has been near them, to be forthwith removed and burnt, and that no Perſon, who ſhall attend any infected Cattle, ſhall go near the ſound ones in the ſame Clothes; and that they do cauſe the Houſes or Buildings, where any ſuch infected Cattle ſhall have ſtood, to be cleared from all Dung and Filth, and ſhall cauſe wet Gunpowder, Pitch, Tar, or Brimſtone to be fired or burnt in ſeveral Parts of ſuch Buildings, at the ſame Time keeping in the Smoke as much as poſſible, and that the ſame be afterwards frequently waſhed with Vinegar and warm Water, and that no ſound Cattle be put therein for two Months at leaſt.

And for the better notifying of this Order, it is his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that the ſame be forthwith printed and publiſhed, and be alſo inſerted in the next London Gazette, and be likewiſe read in all Pariſh Churches, Chapels and other Places ſet apart for Divine Worſhip, on the firſt Sunday after the Publication hereof, and on ſuch Sunday in every Calendar Month, as the Miniſter of ſuch Church, Chapel or other Place ſhall think proper, agreeable to what is required by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of the laſt Parliament.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 22d Day of *March*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in His Privy Council.

WHereas Thomas Cullingham the Elder, of Houghton near Haleſworth in the County of Suffolk, Labourer; Thomas Cullingham the Younger, of the ſame Place, Labourer; Richard Sims, of Great Yarmouth in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwiſe Carbolt, otherwiſe Cobbold, otherwiſe Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Giffling Jack, of the ſame Place, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwiſe Carbolt, otherwiſe Cobbold, otherwiſe Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Cock Eye, of Topcraft in the ſaid County of Norfolk, Labourer; Thomas Catchpole, of Diſs in the ſaid County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Pauling, otherwiſe Palling, of Palling Heath in the ſaid County of Norfolk, Labourer; and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, of or near the City of Norwich, Labourer, Servant to Peter Goldmith, of the ſame Place, Labourer; were, upon the Fifteenth Day of February, 1747, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Samuel Killett, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the County of Suffolk, with having been guilty, upon the Twenty-ninth Day of September laſt, of being, together with divers other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms and other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed, being aſſembled at Benacre in the ſaid County of Suffolk, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away uncuſtomed Goods; which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Samuel Killett, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, in that Caſe made and provided:—His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid Thomas Cullingham the Elder, Thomas Cullingham the Younger, Richard Sims, John Carbold, otherwiſe Carbolt, otherwiſe Cobbold, otherwiſe Cobbolt, commonly called Giffling Jack, John Carbold, otherwiſe Cobbold, otherwiſe Carbolt, otherwiſe Cobbolt, commonly called Cock Eye; Thomas Catchpole, John Pauling, otherwiſe

wiſe Palling, and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 22d Day of *March*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas Chriſtopher Fox, of Benacre in the County of Suffolk, Labourer; Thomas Smith, of the ſame Place, Labourer; Charles Gawen, commonly called or known by the Name of the Papiſt, of Beccles, in the ſaid County, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwiſe Carbolt, otherwiſe Cobbold, otherwiſe Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Cock Eye, of Topcroft in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Pauling, otherwiſe Palling, of Palling Heath in the ſaid County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Doe, of the City of Norwich, Labourer; and John Peters, commonly called or known by the Name of Peters Jack, of or near Norwich aforeſaid, Labourer; Servant to Peter Goldſmith, of or near the ſame Place, Labourer; were, upon the Fifteenth Day of February, 1747, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Samuel Killett, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the County of Suffolk, with having been guilty, upon the Eighth Day of November laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms and other Offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed, being aſſembled at Benacre, in the ſaid County of Suffolk, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the reſcuing one James Holt, who was apprehended for not ſurrendring himſelf, purſuant to his Majeſty's Order in Council, publiſhed in the London Gazette, of the Sixth and Ninth Days of June laſt, which Offence of not ſurrendring, in Purſuance of his Majeſty's ſaid Order in Council, is made Felony by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Nineteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Samuel Killett, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided: His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, That the ſaid Chriſtopher Fox, Thomas Smith, Charles Gawen, commonly called the Papiſt, John Carbold, otherwiſe Carbolt, otherwiſe Cobbold, otherwiſe Cobbolt, commonly called Cock Eye, John Pauling, otherwiſe Palling, John Doe, and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

Naples, Feb. 27, *N. S.* Laſt Week the Malteſe Ship of War, that conducted to Toulon the French Ambaſſador, landed here ſeveral Caſes of Money for the Payment of the Spaniſh Troops in this Kingdom. M. Redardinghen, having obtained the King's Leave to make a Tour in this Kingdom for the Diſcovery of Mines, has found out five in the Province of Calabria, one of which is Iron, the ſecond of Copper, the third of Lead, the fourth of Alabaſter, and the fifth of precious Stones, particularly Granates.

Rome, March 2. *N. S.* A few Days ago arrived in this City from Naples, the Prince Corſini, the late Viceroy of Sicily. On the 29th died Cardinal Girolami of an Apoplexy.

Florence, March 5, *N. S.* The Emperor to encourage the reciprocal Improvement of Commerce with the Empreſs's Dominions, and the Dutchy of Tuſcany, has lately cauſed an Edict to be publiſhed, notifying to the Publick, the Facilitation that will be granted, particularly a Reduction of half the Duty on the Exportation and Introduction into each State, of the Manufactures which it produces, upon Condition, that they ſhall be ſent by the Tirole, and accompanied by proper Certificates from the reſpective Preſidents of the Finances, and Miniſters of the Cuſtom-Houſe.

Florence, March 6, *N. S.* The Diſpoſitions which the French were making in the Cittadel of Maſſa, ſuch as mounting the Cannon, and clearing the Avenues of it, by levelling ſome Houſes and cutting down many Olive Trees, as if they had a Deſign to fortify themſelves there, are diſcontinued by an Order lately ſent thither, it having been found, that, by the Situation of that Citadel, it is impoſſible to defend it from a Bombardment. The Garriſon that was left there, of 50 Men, was, by the laſt Accounts, reduced by Deſertion to 30; to prevent which, no common Soldier is permitted to go out of the Citadel. A Detachment from a French Company of Huſſars, formed chiefly of Deſerters from the Auſtrian Army, and who were employed between Lavenza and Maſſa, on light Expeditions, have lately deſerted, after having uſed the Officer who oppoſed them ſo ill that he is ſuppoſed to be dead of his Wounds, to Pietra Santa, a ſmall Town belonging to this State, where they were received as Deſerters, and obliged to ſell their Arms: They immediately went from thence to Lucca, and from thence to Piſa, where they have taken Refuge in a Church, upon Notice that a French Commiſſary had been ſent Poſt after them to all the abovementioned Places, with Orders to demand them as Aſſaſſins. The ſame Inſtances have been made to the Regency here, by Order of the Duke de Richelieu, to which no Anſwer

has as yet been given, neither is it probable that they will be complied with.

Vienna, March 13, *N. S.* Yesterday Baron Ketlar, one of her Imperial Majesty's Chamberlains, set out to meet the Russian Troops, and has Orders to send Advice of the Time they will enter Moravia, the Court intending to go to Olmutz to see them pass.

Carlton House, March 20.

This Day M. d'Andrada, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Portugal, had a private Audience of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

And afterwards of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.

To both which he was introduced by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, March 21.

This Day M. d'Andrada, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Portugal, had a private Audience of her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia; to which he was introduced by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

Whereas several Persons have presumed to make false Keys to the Locks on the Gates and Doors in his Majesty's Park at St. James's, whereby great and frequent Inconveniencies have arisen; and it has been found necessary, therefore, to put new Locks on the said Gates and Doors; These are to give publick Notice, in the Name of the Right Honourable Thomas Viscount Weymouth, Ranger of his Majesty's said Park, that all such Persons as shall be discovered to have presumed, or shall presume to make any such Key to any of the said Locks, will be prosecuted for the same with the utmost Severity. And any Person giving Information to the Deputy Ranger of the said Park, against any one who shall have made, or shall make any such Key, so that he may be convicted thereof, shall receive of the said Deputy Ranger the Reward of Two Guineas for his said Service.

Middlesex and Westminster Association.

March 18, 1747.

This Day at a General Meeting of the Committee of Subscribers to the said Association, it appeared that the Subscriptions thereto by near 2100 *Persons amounted to* 19262 *l.* 8 *s.* 3 *d. of which there hath been received by Christopher Burrow, Robert Bootle, and James Waller, Esqrs. the Treasurers, the Sum of* 5604 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d. and that they have paid thereout for Inlisting One thousand Soldiers into his Majesty's Service during the Time of the late Rebellion, and for Charges and Expences relating thereto, the Sum of* 5263 *l.* 18 *s.* 10 *d. so that there remains unapplied a Surplus of* 340 *l.* 10 *s.* 5 *d. And it was the Opinion of the Majority of the Subscribers present at the said Meeting, that the most proper and useful Application of the Surplus will be to pay the same to the Hospital called the Duke's Hospital, erected in the Time of the Rebellion for the Relief of Sick and Wounded Soldiers; but some Additions being to be made to the Accounts, the Committee agreed to meet again the first Week in May next, to give a final Discharge to the Treasurers.*

N. B. It appeared also, that with the particular Subscriptions made in the Tower Hamlets, and in the Parishes of St. Martin in the Fields, St. James Westminster, St. George Hanover Square, St. Anne Soho, and Covent Garden, the Subscription Money in the whole County of Middlesex, against the Rebellion, amounted to near 30,000 *l. of which near* 16,100 *l. was actually paid, and that near* 2600 *Soldiers were inlisted into his Majesty's Service during the Rebellion by Subscriptions in the County of Middlesex.*

Whitehall, March 19, 1747-8.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, That Daniel Chater was sent, on the 20*th of February last, under the Care of William Galley, an Officer in the Customs, to Chichester, in order to give Evidence against John Dimer, otherwise Diamond, commonly called Shepherd of Selsey, in the County of Sussex, who was concerned in breaking open the Custom-house at Poole, in the County of Dorset, and carrying off a large Quantity of Tea; and that they have not since been heard of; And whereas there is Reason to apprehend, from several Circumstances, that the said Daniel Chater and William Galley were murdered by Smugglers, on the Road near Rowland's Castle, in the County of Southampton; His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in the said Murder, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one, (except the Person who actually committed the same) who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so that they or any of them may be apprehended and convicted thereof.*

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

Custom-House, London, March 19, 1747.

And as a further Encouragement for bringing the Offenders to Justice, the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds for the Apprehending and Discovering of each of the Persons concerned in the said Murder, to be paid to the Person or Persons making such Discovery, by the Receiver General of the Customs, upon the Conviction of each Offender respectively; and in Case any of the Persons, who were concerned in the Murder abovementioned, (except the Person who actually committed the same) will discover any one or more of his Accomplices, so as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof, such Person or Persons shall receive the like Reward of One Hundred Pounds upon the Conviction of each Offender.

By Order of the Commissioners,
William Wood, *Secretary.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of his Majesty's Ships undermentioned, that their respective Shares of Prize Money for the following Prizes will be paid as express'd against their Names, viz.

Magnifique,	*Petit Fond,*	*Fleuron,*
St. Ann,	*Grand St. Mathieu*	*St. Rene,*
Diligent,	*Necepaire,*	*Atlas,*
Pere de Famille,	*Rene des Anges,*	*Vainquetur,*
Justice,	*Famille,*	*Ponte Carre,*
Neptune,	*Europa,*	*Vierge de la Garde,*
St. Joseph,	*Charlotte,*	*Industrie,*
Deux Soeurs,	*Marshal Saxe,*	*Fortune,*
Duc de Villeroy,	*St. Clair,*	*Jeune Isaac,*
Paix,	*Esperance by the*	*Marie Susanne,*
Rene Marie,	*Eagle,*	*Esperance by the*
Triumphant,	*Ville de St. Malo,*	*Kent,*
Charle Auguste,	*St. Esprit,*	*Mitridate.*

Kent, at her Return from her Cruize.
Hampton Court, on her getting to Spithead.
Eagle, at her Return from her Cruize.
Lyon, on her getting to Spithead,
Chester, at the India Arms at Gosport, on Friday the 29*th of April next.*
Advice, at her Return from her Cruize.
Hector, on her Return to Spithead.
Dolphin, on board her when she comes to Spithead.

Those Ships out on Cruizes will have Notice given of the Time and Place of Payment at their Return.

Notice

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of the Zealand Privateer, Hugh Steel late Commander, which are intituled to Prize Money for the Bayonne's Cargoe, that the ſame will be paid at the Caſtle Tavern in Lombard-ſtreet, on Monday the 28th Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, and to be continued the firſt Monday of every Month till compleated.

Notice is hereby given to the Captain, Officers and Company of his Majeſty's Ship Hampſhire, who were on board at the taking of a French Man of War called the Caſtor, and a French Privateer called the Heroine, that the Bounty Money of both Ships, and the neat Produce of the latter, will be paid on board the ſaid Ship Hampſhire in Plymouth Sound, on Wedneſday the 6th of April next, or before ſhe proceeds to Sea after her Return from her preſent Cruize; and ſuch Shares as are then undemanded, will be paid the firſt Wedneſday in every Month, at Mr. John Kerly's in Plymouth, for three Years.

Adverti ſements.

On Monday the 28th of this Inſtant March will be publiſhed, Price 1 l. 5 s. in Sheets,

A GENERAL NATURAL HISTORY: or, new and accurate Deſcriptions of the *Animals*, *Vegetables*, and *Minerals*, of the different Parts of the WORLD; made from the Bodies themſelves, collected in a Number of Journies taken through the different Parts of this Kingdom, expreſsly for that Purpoſe; received from Correſpondents in moſt Parts of the known World; or preſerved in the Muſeums of the moſt celebrated Naturaliſts. With their Virtues and Uſes, as far as hitherto certainly known, in Medicine and Mechanics: Illuſtrated by a general Review of the Knowledge of the Ancients, and the Diſcoveries and Improvements of later Ages in theſe Studies. Including the Hiſtory of the *Materia Medica*, *Pictoria*, and *Tinctoria*, of the preſent and earlier Ages. As alſo Obſervations on the neglected Properties of many valuable Subſtances known at preſent, and Attempts to diſcover the loſt Medicines, Paints, &c. of former Ages, in a Series of critital Enquiries into the *Materia Medica* of the ancient *Greeks*. With Figures, elegantly engraved. A Work engaged in at the Deſire of the moſt eminent Naturaliſts of the Age, and promoted by the Aſſiſtances of their Libraries and Muſeums. Containing the general Hiſtory of Metals, Minerals, Stones, Earths, and all other Foſſils. By *John Hill*, Author of the late Tranſlation and Commentaries on *Theophraſtus's Hiſtory of Stones*.

N. B. There are a ſmall Number on Royal Paper, Price Two Pounds Ten Shillings; and, for the Curious, the Prints of a few Setts will be colour'd under the Author's particular Direction. Printed for *Thomas Osborne*, in Gray's Inn.

Where may be had, by the ſame Author, Price 3 *s.* 6 *d.*

THEOPHRASTUS's Hiſtory of STONES, with an *Engliſh* Verſion, and Critical and Philoſophical Notes, including the Modern Hiſtory of the *Gems*, &c. deſcribed by that Author, and of many other of the native Foſſils. To which are added, *Two Letters*; one to Dr. *James Parſons*, F. R. S. on the Colours of the *Sapphire* and *Turquoiſe*; and the other to *Martin Folkes*, Eſq; Doctor of Laws, and Preſident of the Royal Society, upon the Effects of different *Menſtruums* on *Copper*. Both tending to illuſtrate the Doctrine of the *Gem*'s being coloured by metalline Particles.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, An Eſtate at Wisbech in the Iſle of Ely, in the County of Cambridge, conſiſting of a Meſſuage, with a Barn, Stable and Orchard, and One and Thirty Acres of Arable and Paſture Land, Part Freehold and Part Copyhold, late in the Tenure of James Gates, and now of James Solomon, at the yearly Rent of 32 l. being the Eſtate of Mrs. Anne Hunt, late of the City of Peterborough, Widow, deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

THE Creditors of James Durham, late of London, Chymiſt, but afterwards of Netherton Hall, near Bewdley, in the County of Worceſter, Wine Merchant, a Bankrupt, are deſired to meet on Friday the 25th Day of this Inſtant March, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Milk-ſtreet Coffee Houſe ſituate in Milk-ſtreet, London, in order to impower the Aſſignees to ſubmit to Arbitration divers Differences and Diſputes touching the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors of Samuel Webſter, late of Derby, deceaſed, are deſired forthwith to ſend an Account of their reſpective Debts to Meſſ. Neale and Streatfeild, in Lombard-ſtreet, London, in order that a Dividend may be made on the ſaid Samuel Webſter's Effects, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Joſeph Wildman, of the Liberty of the Rolls, in the Pariſh of St. Dunſtan in the Weſt, London, Bricklayer, Builder, and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th of March inſtant, on the 1ſt of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Jones Halſey, of the Pariſh of St. Mary Magdalen Bermondſey, in the County of Surry, Fellmonger, Broker, and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 1ſt and 19th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Plummer, Attorney, in Clifford's Inn, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Thurgood, of Danbury, in the County of Eſſex, Shop-keeper and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 30th of March inſtant, on the 6th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Lough, Attorney, in Monument-yard, London.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Williams, of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, Peruke-maker and Chapman, intend to meet on Saturday the 16th Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Francis Cox, being the Angel and Hen and Chickens in Birmingham in the County of Warwick, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robinſon Knight and William Hanſon, of London, Bankers and Partners, intend to meet on the 20th Day of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a ſecond Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

Printed by *E. Owen*, in *Warwick-Lane*. 1747.